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PFG ASPENWALK, LLC,

Chapter 11 Case No. 10-47089-RJK

Debtor.

### NOTICE OF HEARING AND MOTION FOR ORDER AUTHORIZING DEBTOR TO OBTAIN DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION FINANCING

# TO: THE PARTIES IN INTEREST AS SPECIFIED IN BANKRUPTCY RULE 4001(c)(1)(C) AND LOCAL RULE 9013-3(a)(2).

- 1. PFG AspenWalk, LLC (the "<u>Debtor</u>"), through its undersigned attorneys, moves this Court for the relief requested below and gives notice of hearing.
- 2. The Court will hold a hearing on the Debtor's Motion For Order Authorizing the Debtor to Obtain Debtor-in-Possession Financing (the "Motion") 1:30 p.m. on June 15, 2011, before the Honorable Robert J. Kressel, in Courtroom 8W, U.S. Courthouse, 300 South Fourth Street, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55415.
- 3. Any response to this Motion must be filed and served by delivery no later than June 10, 2011, which is five (5) days before the time set for the hearing (including Saturdays, Sundays and holidays). UNLESS A RESPONSE OPPOSING THIS MOTION IS TIMELY FILED, THE COURT MAY GRANT THE RELIEF REQUESTED IN THE MOTION WITHOUT A HEARING.
- 4. This Court has jurisdiction over this Motion under 28 U.S.C. §§ 157 and 1334, Bankruptcy Rule 5005, and Local Rule 1070-1. This is a core proceeding.

- 5. On September 23, 2010 (the "<u>Petition Date</u>"), the Debtor filed a petition for relief pursuant to Chapter 11 of Title 11 of the United States Code (the "<u>Bankruptcy Code</u>" or "<u>Code</u>"). The case is now pending before this Court.
- 6. This Motion arises under 11 U.S.C. §§ 363(c), 364(c) and (d), and Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c). This Motion is filed under Bankruptcy Rule 9014 and Local Rules 9013-1 to 9013-5 and 4001-2.
- 7. With the Court having (i) granted the request for expedited relief, and (ii) entered an interim order authorizing the Debtor to obtain credit secured by, among other things, a senior lien under 11 U.S.C. § 364(d) pursuant to the terms of a loan agreement (the "<u>DIP Loan</u>") by and between Rapid Funding, LLC (the "<u>DIP Lender</u>") and the Debtor, and approving the DIP Loan, the Debtor now requests an order authorizing the Debtor to obtain an advance.

### **BACKGROUND**

- 8. Since the Petition Date, the Debtor has operated its business as a debtor-in-possession pursuant to Sections 1107(a) and 1108 of the Code. No creditors' or other official committee has been appointed pursuant to Section 1102 of the Bankruptcy Code. The primary parties-in-interest have been served with this Motion.
- 9. The Debtor's primary assets consist of the following: (i) real property located at 404 Park Avenue, Aspen, Pitkin County, Colorado (the "Rental Property") and the proceeds generated therefrom; (ii) the Debtor's rights under a purchase agreement for 414 Park Circle, Aspen, Pitkin County, Colorado; and (iii) a joint development agreement with Aspen Pitkin County Housing Authority covering the development of the Rental Property and the 414 Park Circle, Aspen, Pitkin County, Colorado property (collectively, the "Development Property"), all for the purpose of constructing a residential condominium project (the "Project").

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- 10. Before the Debtor could begin the Project, it had to obtain both Conceptual Planned Unit Development ("Conceptual PUD") approval and Final Planned Unit Development ("Final PUD") approval (collectively, "Preliminary Government Approvals") for the Project from the Aspen City Council.
- 11. In or around October 2007, the Debtor submitted an application to the Aspen City Council requesting Conceptual PUD approval for the Project.
- 12. On or about October 27, 2008, the Aspen City Council passed Resolution No. 74, granting Conceptual PUD approval for the Debtor's Project.
- 13. Conceptual PUD approval for the Project was to expire on or about October 29, 2009. In or around September 2009, the Debtor submitted a request to the Aspen City Council for extension of the Conceptual PUD approval.
- 14. On or about October 13, 2009, the Aspen City Council granted the Debtor's request, extending Conceptual PUD approval until October 28, 2010.
- 15. On or about October 12, 2010, the Debtor filed an application with the City of Aspen seeking Final PUD approval.
- 16. On or about October 18, 2010, the City of Aspen confirmed that the Debtor's submittal package for application for Final PUD approval was deemed complete. While Final PUD approval is currently pending, the Debtor estimates that the entire final governmental approval process will be completed by July 11, 2011.
- 17. To finance the acquisition of the Development Property, obtain Project approvals, and construct the Project, the Debtor used the proceeds of a loan (the "Bank of America Loan") from Bank of America, N.A., as successor in interest to LaSalle Bank National Association, a national banking association ("Bank of America").

- 18. As of the Petition Date, Bank of America had a valid, binding, perfected, enforceable first priority security interest and lien on the Development Property, which is not subject to avoidance, reduction, disallowance, impairment, or subordination by the Debtor pursuant to the Bankruptcy Code or applicable non-bankruptcy law.
- 19. As part of the security granted to Bank of America, the Debtor executed, and Bank of America properly recorded, an Assignment of Rents on or about December 21, 2007, whereby the Debtor sold, conveyed, and assigned to Bank of America all "rents, revenues, issues, profits, proceeds, receipts, income, accounts and other receivables" arising out of or from the Property (the "Rents").
- 20. On the Petition Date, the Debtor filed its Notice of Hearing and Motion for (I) Expedited Relief, (II) Interim and Final Orders Authorizing Debtor to Obtain Debtor-in-Possession Financing and Approving the Debtor-in-Possession Loan That Includes the Grant of a Senior Lien Under 11 U.S.C. § 364(d) and Provide [sic] Adequate Protection (the "DIP Motion"). (Doc. No. 6.)
- 21. The DIP Motion requested, among other things, court authorization for the DIP Loan, on an interim and final basis, from the DIP Lender and an order granting the DIP Lender a senior priming lien on the Property pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 364(d) of the Bankruptcy Code.
- 22. On September 28, 2010, an expedited hearing was held on the portion of the DIP Motion seeking an interim order (the "<u>Interim Hearing</u>"), and the Debtor and Bank of America entered into a stipulation to resolve their dispute with respect to the relief sought at the Interim Hearing (the "<u>First Stipulation</u>"). (Doc. No. 16.)
- 23. On September 29, 2010, this Court approved the First Stipulation (the "September 29, 2010 Order"). (Doc. No. 17.)

- 24. On October 8, 2010, the Debtor and Bank of America entered into a second stipulation to continue the final hearing on the DIP Motion (the "Second Stipulation"). (Doc. No. 21.)
  - 25. On October 12, 2010, this Court approved the Second Stipulation. (Doc. No. 22.)
- 26. On October 25, 2010, Bank of America filed notice pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 546(b)(2) (the "Notice"), and thus has a perfected lien in the Rents, either as a direct result of the Assignment of Rents or as a result of the filing of the Notice. Bank of America's lien in the Rents means that the Rents are its cash collateral as defined in Bankruptcy Code § 363.
- 27. On November 1, 2010, a hearing was scheduled with respect to the portion of the DIP Motion seeking this Court's authorization to draw an additional \$452,500.00 from the DIP Loan. This hearing was continued to November 24, 2010. (Doc. No. 36.)
- 28. On November 19, 2010, the Debtor and Bank of America entered into a third stipulation to resolve their dispute with respect to the relief sought at the Interim Hearing (the "Third Stipulation"). (Doc. No. 39.)
- 29. On November 24, 2010, this Court approved the Third Stipulation, thereby authorizing the Debtor to draw an additional \$320,000.00 from the DIP Loan. (Doc. No. 40.)
- 30. Several months later, a hearing was scheduled for March 30, 2011, to resolve a motion by the Debtor seeking authorization to draw an additional \$585,000.00 from the DIP Loan. (Doc. No. 73.)
- 31. Five days prior to the scheduled hearing, on March 25, 2011, the Debtor and Bank of America entered into a fourth stipulation to resolve their dispute with respect to the relief sought at the Interim Hearing (the "Fourth Stipulation"). (Doc. No. 77.)

- 32. On March 30, 2011, this Court approved the Fourth Stipulation, thereby authorizing the Debtor to draw an additional \$215,250.00 from the DIP Loan. (Doc. No. 78.)
- 33. The Debtor now seeks an order allowing the Debtor to obtain an advance from the DIP Loan of \$369,750, with such funds being used solely in the amounts and for the specific purposes set forth in the table below:

Use of DIP Loan Proceeds	Total
Architectural / Engineering	\$54,000
Planning Consultant	\$25,000
Local Project Management	
Travel and Misc.	
Legal (Debtor)	\$155,000
Legal (Amend/Update APCHA Agmts.)	\$10,000
Developer Overhead	\$40,000
City Fees/Costs	
Closing Costs for Project Recap / Chap 11 filing	
Lender Points/Fees	
Contingency (Chap 11/addl. approval. costs, etc.)	\$85,750
TOTAL	\$369,750

### PRE-PETITION DEBT STRUCTURE

- 34. The Debtor is indebted to Bank of America under the terms of certain loan documents, which were previously listed in the DIP Motion and defined as the "Loan Documents."
- 35. The Debtor's obligations to Bank of America are secured by the Deed of Trust and the Financing Statement (both previously defined in the DIP Motion), which grant Bank of America a security interest in all of the Debtor's property related to or arising from the Development Property (hereinafter and together with the Development Property, the "Collateral").

36. As of July 27, 2010, the outstanding amount of the Debtor's obligations to Bank of America under the Loan Documents, excluding interest, totaled approximately \$6,408,373.93.

#### **RULE 4001 STATEMENT**

- 37. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001, the Debtor requested in its DIP Motion (a) an interim order preliminarily authorizing the DIP Loan so that the Debtor could continue its negotiations with the DIP Lender, and (b) a final order authorizing and approving the DIP Loan to be made in three separate advances to the Debtor. The Court authorized the DIP Loan in its September 29, 2010 Order. Now, the Debtor requests an order authorizing the Debtor to obtain an advance from the DIP Loan.
- 38. Both before and following the Petition Date, the Debtor engaged in negotiations with the DIP Lender to make a post-petition loan to the Debtor for use in obtaining Preliminary Government Approvals for the Development Project. At the time of filing of the DIP Motion, the Debtor was continuing to negotiate with the DIP Lender and was able to provide the basic terms of the DIP Loan in its motion. Since the DIP Motion was filed, both the Debtor and the DIP Lender have executed the DIP Loan and have been operating under its terms. (*See* Salmen Verified Statement).
- 39. Pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001(c) and the Instructions for Filing a Chapter 11 Case in the U.S. Bankruptcy Court, District of Minnesota, the Debtor notes that the following provisions are included in the DIP Loan and the September 29, 2010 Order approving the DIP Loan:
  - a. <u>**DIP Availability**</u>: The DIP Loan in the amount of \$1,400,000.00 may be drawn on by the Debtor on a non-revolving basis to fund costs associated with final Planned Unit Development of the Development Project by the City of Aspen.
  - b. <u>First-Priority Lien and Administrative Expense</u>: First priority Deed of Trust on the Rental Property and all of the Debtor's other assets. The DIP Lender's

- security interest will obtain a senior position to Bank of America pursuant to Section 364(c) and (d) of the Code.
- c. <u>**DIP Maturity**</u>: The DIP Loan will mature on October 31, 2011. The Debtor may extend the term of the DIP Loan until April 30, 2012 by paying the DIP Lender a \$10,000.00 extension fee.
- d. <u>Interest Rates</u>: Amounts outstanding under the DIP Loan will bear interest at an annual rate of the 13%, and the Debtor must pay the DIP Lender a minimum interest payment of \$91,000.00, notwithstanding the amounts advanced under the DIP Loan. Additionally, the DIP Lender will receive 5% of the common equity interests in the Debtor.
- e. <u>**DIP Facility Fee**</u>: The DIP Lender will receive an origination fee of \$50,000.00 upon closing of the loan facility. Additionally, the Debtor will pay \$7,500.00 to Nantucket Capital and \$2,500.00 to CB Richard Ellis for loan origination fees.
- f. <u>Conditions of Approval</u>: The DIP Lender's obligation to make an advance under the DIP Loan is conditioned upon the DIP Lender's satisfaction, in its sole and absolute discretion, of (i) the value and marketability of the Rental Property; (ii) the Debtor's plan to repay the DIP Loan; (iii) the Debtor's creditworthiness; (iv) title insurance commitments for the Collateral; and (v) completion of typical commercial real estate loan documentation.

#### **ADEQUATE PROTECTION**

- 40. To adequately protect Bank of America's interest, the Debtor granted Bank of America a post-petition replacement lien of the same priority, dignity, and effect as its prepetition interest in the Debtor's collateral. The Debtor will also increase the value of the Development Property for Bank of America's benefit by using the proceeds of the DIP Loan to obtain final governmental approvals for the Development Project.
- 41. The Debtor also asserts that Bank of America's interest in the Collateral is adequately protected by the approximately \$5,781,913.30 equity cushion in the Rental Property.
- 42. In the September 29, 2010 Order, this Court approved of the aforementioned adequate protection measures and ordered that "Bank of America, N.A. is deemed to be adequately protected with respect to its collateral."

- 43. The Debtor's offer of adequate protection and the approximately \$5,781,913.30 equity cushion in the Rental Property continues to provide Bank of America with adequate protection. The Debtor's DIP Loan allows the Debtor to continue its operation until a plan of reorganization can be confirmed, which will greatly enhance the value of the Debtor and its estate. If the Debtor had not been granted authority to obtain the DIP Loan, the only alternative would have been to cease the Development Project because the Preliminary Government Approvals would have expired on October 28, 2010, and the Debtor's only asset would have been the Rental Property, which would have greatly reduced the value of Bank of America's interest.
- 44. By asking the Court to hold a hearing regarding another advance under the DIP Loan, the Debtor is providing Bank of America with an opportunity to review the Debtor's progress in obtaining final governmental approvals of the Development Project and bring any perceived deficiencies to the Court's attention before it approves the next advance under the DIP Loan.
- 45. Obtaining another advance from the DIP Loan will allow the Debtor to continue operations and work towards a successful reorganization of its operations and the Development Property. Such actions will serve the best interest of the Debtor's estate, Bank of America, and the Debtor's other creditors.
- 46. Prior to the hearing on this Motion, and in settlement of any and all of the matters raised in this Motion, the Debtor may enter into a stipulation or agreed order with Bank of America concerning the Debtor's next advance from the DIP Loan and other related matters. In the event the Debtor enters into any such stipulation, it will seek approval of the stipulation without further notice or hearing pursuant to Bankruptcy Rule 4001(d)(4), and the **DEBTOR**

HEREBY GIVES NOTICE OF INTENT TO SEEK APPROVAL OF ANY SUCH

STIPULATION.

Pursuant to Local Rule 9013-2(c), the Debtor gives notice that it may, if 47.

necessary, call the following people to testify on behalf of the Debtor about the factual matters

raised in this Motion: (a) Thomas Salmen, Vice President, Finance, of the Debtor, business

address: 3208 W. Lake St. #5, Minneapolis, Minnesota 55416; (b) Thomas H. Klassen, Vice

President, Operations, of the Debtor, business address: 3208 W. Lake St. #5, Minneapolis,

Minnesota 55416; and (c) the person most knowledgeable from Bank of America with respect to

the Bank of America Loan.

WHEREFORE, the Debtor moves the Court for an order allowing the Debtor to obtain up

to a maximum amount of \$369,750 from the DIP Loan and providing such other and further

relief as the Court deems just and equitable.

Dated: May 27, 2011

/e/ Edwin H. Caldie

Robert T. Kugler (#0194116)

Lara O. Glaesman (#0316866)

Edwin H. Caldie (#0388930)

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Telephone: (612) 335-1500

Facsimile: (612) 335-1657

ATTORNEYS FOR PFG ASPENWALK, LLC

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### **VERIFICATION**

I, Thomas Salmen, an Officer of the Debtor, hereby verifies, under penalty of perjury, that I have read the foregoing Debtor's Motion For Order Authorizing the Debtor to Obtain Debtor-in-Possession Financing, I know the contents thereof, and the information contained therein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge, information, and belief.

Dated: May 27, 2011

Thomas Salmen, Officer

In re:

PFG ASPENWALK, LLC,

Chapter 11 Case No. 10-47089-RJK

Debtor.

### MEMORANDUM OF LAW IN SUPPORT OF MOTION FOR ORDER AUTHORIZING DEBTOR TO OBTAIN DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION FINANCING

PFG AspenWalk, LLC (the "<u>Debtor</u>") respectfully submits this memorandum in support of its Motion For Order Authorizing the Debtor to Obtain Debtor-in-Possession Financing (the "<u>Motion</u>").

#### **BACKGROUND**

The facts upon which the Debtor relies are set forth in the Debtor's verified Motion. All capitalized terms in this memorandum have the meanings ascribed to them in the Motion.

#### **ARGUMENT**

A debtor may grant a post-petition lender a super-priority lien superior to that of a prepetition lien when the pre-petition lien can be protected. A debtor-in-possession has the rights, powers and duties of a trustee pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 1107(a). Therefore, the Debtor, as a debtor-in-possession, may utilize 11 U.S.C. § 364(d) to obtain credit. *In re Hubbard Power & Light*, 202 B.R. 680, 684 (Bankr. E.D.N.Y. 1996). Section 364(d) states:

- (1) The court, after notice and a hearing, may authorize the obtaining of credit or the incurring of debt secured by a senior or equal lien on property of the estate that is subject to a lien only if—
  - (A) the trustee is unable to obtain such credit otherwise; and

(B) there is adequate protection of the interest of the holder of the lien on the property of the estate on which such senior or equal lien is proposed to be granted.

In authorizing a debtor to grant such a priming lien, "[t]he principal considerations before the Court are, therefore whether (1) the debtor was unable to obtain this credit on another basis and (2) whether the proposed loan and subordination of the existing lender's liens can be made while protecting the existing lender's interests." In re Campbell Sod, Inc., 378 B.R. 647, 652–53 (Bankr. D. Kan. 2007). In the present case, the Debtor is entitled to obtain an advance from the DIP Loan, as both factors under 11 U.S.C. § 364(d) have been satisfied and this Court has previously found that the Debtor is entitled to grant a senior lien to the DIP Lender. Specifically, the Debtor has expended significant efforts to secure a lender willing to provide the needed financing. In addition to the equity cushion in the Development Property and Development Project, the Debtor will continue to protect Bank of America's interests by granting a lien on unencumbered assets and using the DIP Loan to significantly increase the value of the Development Property and Development Project.

#### I. The DIP Lender Is the Only Available Financing Source, as the Debtor Has Unsuccessfully Sought Credit from Numerous Bases.

The Debtor has been seeking financing since late 2008 to continue developing the Development Project. To secure a capital source, the Debtor contacted several potential lenders regarding financing for the Debtor. Three financing sources agreed to capitalize the project if the Bank of America Loan could be satisfied at a discount. Bank of America rejected this proposal and has refused to fund further advances under the Bank of America Loan. Thus, the only viable option to fund the next phase of the Development Project was and still is the DIP Lender.

Given that the Debtor remains under significant time pressure to obtain the Final PUD approval for the Development Project, it has done everything possible to obtain alternative

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financing. As one court has stated, "[t]he statute imposes no duty to seek credit from every possible lender before concluding that such credit is unavailable. This is particularly true when, as the court determined here, time is of the essence." *In re Snowshoe Co.*, 789 F.2d 1085, 1088 (4th Cir. 1986). Thus, the Debtor has shown that credit is not otherwise available and that it is entitled to obtain another advance from the DIP Loan.

## II. Bank of America Will Continue to be Adequately Protected by the Equity Cushion in the Development Property.

Pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 364(d), the Debtor must present evidence that Bank of America's interest as an existing lien holder is adequately protected. Adequate protection can be a combination of (1) cash payments, (2) additional or replacement liens, or (3) some other provision to assure the secured creditor the indubitable equivalent of its interest. 11 U.S.C. § 361. The Debtor proposes to continue providing Bank of America with adequate protection in the form of the indubitable equivalent of its interest and a replacement lien.

# A. Bank of America will continue to receive adequate protection through the increased value of the Development Property after the DIP Loan is used to obtain the Preliminary Governmental Approvals.

The flexible provision of Section 361(3) allows for a wide variety of adequate protection. For instance, in *In re Hubbard Power & Light*, 202 B.R. 680 (Bankr. E.D.N.Y. 1996), the court held that a subordinated creditor was adequately protected because the proceeds of the priming loan would be used to increase the value of the collateral to the benefit of the estate, all secured creditors and parties-in-interest. Moreover, in *In re Aqua Assoc.*, 123 B.R. 192 (Bankr. E.D. Pa. 1991), the court noted that using the proceeds of a loan to enhance the value of a lender's collateral was a sufficient basis on which to allow a priming lien.

Much like the debtors in *Hubbard* and *Aqua*, the Debtor will continue to use the proceeds of the DIP Loan to enhance the value of the Rental Property. The Development Property is

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currently valued at \$12,000,000.00. Continuing to use the DIP Loan to fund the costs of obtaining final governmental approval of the Development Project will increase the value of the Development Property. This added value will inure to the benefit of not only Bank of America, but also to other creditors and parties-in-interest including the municipalities involved. In contrast, if the Preliminary Governmental Approvals are not obtained, the Development Project will have to start over in the governmental approval process. This would result in the Rental Property, valued at approximately \$6,300,000.00, as the only asset of the Debtor and collateral for Bank of America. *Cf. In re Aqua Assoc.*, 123 B.R. at 198–99 (holding that using priming loan to prevent what would otherwise be loss in collateral value constitutes adequate protection). Thus, the Debtor's plan to increase the value of Bank of America's collateral while at the same time preventing a significant loss of value continues to constitute adequate protection.

# B. The Debtor will continue to grant Bank of America a replacement lien in Rents arising from the Rental Property.

The Deed of Trust, which is governed by Colorado law, grants Bank of America an assignment of the rents arising from the Rental Property. The extent to which Bank of America holds that interest in rents post-petition is determined by state law. *Butner v. United States*, 440 U.S. 48, 99 (1979). Under Colorado law, an assignee of rent acquires no claim to rents until such assignee has taken certain affirmative steps to protect its lien, including taking possession of the premises or successfully appointing a receiver. *In re Colter, Inc.*, 46 B.R. 510, 512 (Bankr. D. Colo. 1984). On October 25, 2010, Bank of America filed notice pursuant to 11 U.S.C. § 546(b)(2) (the "Notice"), and thus has a perfected lien in the Rents, either as a direct result of the Assignment of Rents or as a result of the filing of the Notice. Bank of America's lien in the Rents means that the Rents are its cash collateral as defined in Bankruptcy Code § 363. On November 24, 2010, the Debtor and Bank of America entered into a stipulation for

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the Debtor's use of cash collateral, including the rents arising from the Rental Property ("Cash

Collateral Stipulation"). (Doc. No. 42, Exhibit A). The Cash Collateral Stipulation was

approved by this Court on December 15, 2010. (Doc. No. 46).

The Debtor proposes to continue to grant Bank of America a post-petition replacement

assignment of rents arising from the Rental Property on the same terms and conditions as its pre-

petition assignment. While it will continue to be subordinate to the interests of the DIP Lender,

Bank of America will still have the benefit of the replacement lien that it would not otherwise

hold.

In sum, the replacement lien along with the equity cushion and enhanced value of the

Development Property following investment of the DIP Loan proceeds continues to constitute

adequate protection of Bank of America's interest. Accordingly, the requirements of Section

364(d) continue to have been met for this Court to authorize another advance from the DIP Loan.

CONCLUSION

For the foregoing reasons, the Debtor respectfully requests that the Court enter an order

allowing the Debtor to obtain another advance from the DIP Loan up to a maximum amount of

\$369,750 and providing such other and further relief as the Court deems just and equitable.

Dated: May 27, 2011

/e/ Edwin H. Caldie

Robert T. Kugler (#0194116)

Lara O. Glaesman (#0316866)

Edwin H. Caldie (#0388930)

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ATTORNEYS FOR PFG ASPENWALK, LLC

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In re:

PFG ASPENWALK, LLC,

Chapter 11 Case No. 10-47089-RJK

Debtor.

#### **CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE**

I, Aong Moua, declare, under penalty of perjury, that on May 27, 2011, I filed:

# NOTICE OF HEARING AND MOTION FOR ORDER AUTHORIZING DEBTOR TO OBTAIN DEBTOR-IN-POSSESSION FINANCING

with the Clerk of Bankruptcy Court through ECF, and that ECF will send an e-notice of electronic filing to the following:

William Fisher; william.fisher@gpmlaw.com Timothy A. Fusco; fusco@millercanfield.com Mark J. Kalla; mark.kalla@btlaw.com Marc N Swanson; swansonm@millercanfield.com

Michael Fadlovich; michael.fadlovich@usdoj.gov US Trustee; ustpregion12.mn.ecf@usdoj.gov

I further certify that I caused a copy of the foregoing document and the Notice of Electronic Filing to be served by First Class Mail on the following parties:

GRAY PLANT MOOTY & BENNETT ATTN: WILLIAM FISHER LOCAL COUNSEL FOR BANK OF AMERICA 500 IDS CENTER 80 SOUTH 8TH STREET MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402 MILLER CANFIELD PADDOCK & STONE PLC
ATTN: TIMOTHY A. FUSCO
COUNSEL FOR BANK OF AMERICA
150 W. JEFFERSON AVENUE
SUITE 2500
DETROIT, MI 48226

MILLER CANFIELD PADDOCK & STONE

**PLC** 

ATTN: MARC N. SWANSON

COUNSEL FOR BANK OF AMERICA

150 W. JEFFERSON AVENUE

**SUITE 2500** 

DETROIT, MI 48226

RAPID FUNDING, LLC

ATTN: NEIL B. DOUGHERTY 730 SEVENTEENTH STREET

SUITE 200

DENVER, CO 80202

AMANDA SCHMITT 404 PARK AVENUE #1 ASPEN, CO 81611 BANK OF AMERICA, N.A. ATTN: RICHARD L. CARTER 2990 LAVA RIDGE CT, SUITE 120

ROSEVILLE, CA 95661

ASPEN CUSTOM GLASS 601 RIO GRANDE PLACE, STE 119A

ASPEN, CO 81611

BRITTANY BUFFALINO 404 PARK AVENUE #1 ASPEN, CO 81611

ASPEN PITKIN HOUSING AUTHORITY ATTN: TOM MCCABE, EXEC. DIR.

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CAMERON LEONARD 404 PARK AVENUE #9 ASPEN, CO 81611

REBECCA POLAN 404 PARK AVENUE #1 ASPEN, CO 81611 CITY OF ASPEN 130 SOUTH GALENA STREET ASPEN, CO 81611

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IRS DISTRICT COUNSEL

MINNESOTA DEPARTMENT OF

**REVENUE** 

**BANKRUPTCY SECTION** 

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C/O MARK J. KALLA

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SOPRIS CONSULTING GROUP, LLC

ATTN: PAUL LOTZER 5400 NORWOOD LANE

PLYMOUTH, MN 55442

STAN CLAUSON ASSOCIATES, INC

ATTN: STAN CLAUSON 412 N MILL STREET ASPEN, CO 81611

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**GRAND JUNCTION, CO 81504** 

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**IRS** 

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UNITED STATES ATTORNEY

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SOURCE GAS

DISTRIBUTION LLC

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FAYETTEVILLE, AR 72703

U.S. TRUSTEE OFFICE

ATTN: MICHAEL FADLOVICH

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PFG ASPENWALK, LLC 3208 WEST LAKE STREET PMB 5

MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55416

THOMAS KLASSEN 2100 PARKLANDS ROAD ST. LOUIS PARK, MN 55416

FALCON PARTNERS, LTD. 1623 HARVARD STREET HOUSTON, TX 77008

GRAHAM O. KING FAMILY, LLC 12128 S E BIRKDALE RUN TEQUESTA, FL 33469

MARY L. JEFFRIES 18767 BEARPATH TRAIL EDEN PRAIRIE, MN 55347

JANE K. MAUER 80 S. 8TH ST. #4542 MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55402

ARK ROYAL ASPEN REALTY, LLC 1616 S. VOSS # 450 HOUSTON, TX 77057

BRIAN'S ROOTER & DRAIN SERVICE P.O. BOX 343 SILT, CO 81652

MR. VAC P.O. BOX 2006 GLENWOOD SPRINGS, CO 81602

SHERIDAN REAL ESTATE, LLC P.O. BOX 7757 ASPEN, CO 81612

Dated: May 27, 2011

THOMAS HAY 6 BADGER LANE NORTH OAKS, MN 55127

THOMAS SALMEN 1972 SHERIDAN AVE. S. MINNEAPOLIS, MN 55405

PATRICIA A. HAMM 2014 OAKLAND ROAD MINNETONKA, MN 55305

JEDCO PROPERTIES, LLC P.O. BOX 1467 RUSTON, LA 71273-1467

LANCER PARTNERS, LLC 5001 SPRING VALLEY RD. STE. 290W DALLAS, TX 75244

MARK LAUMANN 7155 COUNTY ROAD 155 WACONIA, MN 55387

SUN INVESTMENTS, LLC 404 S. MISSISSIPPI RIVER BLVD ST. PAUL, MN 55105

MANUAL RICO C/O JOHN WERNING 229 MCSKIMMING ROAD ASPEN, CO 81611

SCOTTY'S ELECTRIC 90 SAGEBRUSH ASPEN, CO 81611

SUSAN CROSS 242 GROVE COURT ASPEN, CO 81611

<u>/e/ Aong Moua</u> Aong Moua

In re:		
PFG ASPENWALK, LLC,	Chapter 11 Case No. 10-47089-RJK	
Debtor.	0430 1.0. 10 005 1421	
	JTHORIZING DEBTOR DR-IN-POSSESSION FINANCING	
Upon consideration of the debtor	's motion for an order authorizing the debtor to obtain	
debtor-in-possession financing,		
IT IS ORDERED:		
The debtor is authorized to dra	aw \$369,750 under the debtor-in-possession loan as	
provided in the debtor's motion.		
Dated:		
	Robert J. Kressel,	
	U.S. Bankruptcy Court Judge	